



# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1 CHEMICAL PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

TRADE NAME(S) **KOCHKLEEN® KLD II MEMBRANE CLEANER**

CAS NUMBER MIXTURE

MSDS NUMBER 7149

PRODUCT CODE ND

PRODUCT USE DETERGENT

SYNONYM(S) KOCHKLEEN® LIQUID DETERGENT II



MANUFACTURER / SUPPLIER Koch Membrane Systems, Inc.  
850 Main Street  
Wilmington, MA  
01887 USA

TELEPHONE NUMBERS - 24 HOUR ASSISTANCE  
Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 (inside USA)  
+1-703-527-3887 (outside USA)

TELEPHONE NUMBERS - GENERAL ASSISTANCE  
Product Assistance 1-978-657-4250  
8 - 5, M - F, Eastern Time

## 2 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Ingredient Name                          | CAS Number | Concentration* | Exposure Limits / Health Hazards                          |
|--|------------|----------------|---|
| TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINE TETRAACETATE | 64-02-8    | 5 - 10 %       | ND  |
| SODIUM XYLENESULFONATE                   | 1300-72-7  | 1 - 3 %        | ND  |
| ETHYL ALCOHOL                            | 64-17-5    | 0.1 - 0.6 %    | 1000 ppm 8-Hour TWA (OSHA)<br>1000 ppm 8-Hour TWA (ACGIH) |
| TRISODIUM NITRILOTRIACETATE              | 5064-31-3  | 0.1 - 0.3 %    | ND  |

\*Values do not reflect absolute minimums and maximums; these values are typical which may vary from time to time.

WHMIS Classification: D2A, D2B, E.

Local authorities should be consulted for exposure limits in effect in your region.

### 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER!

#### HEALTH HAZARDS

CAUSES SEVERE EYE BURNS.

CAUSES BURNS OF THE MOUTH AND THROAT.

MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION

ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED-CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE

\*\*SEE "TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION" (SECTION 11) FOR MORE INFORMATION

#### FLAMMABILITY HAZARDS

NON-FLAMMABLE

PER OSHA GUIDELINES, 29 CFR 1910.1200(c) -

#### REACTIVITY HAZARDS

STABLE

CORROSIVE TO ALUMINUM

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS, SKIN

IRRITATING. Contact may cause reddening, pain, itching, inflammation and possible tissue damage. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin irritation, even a burn. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause drying, reddening, itching and cracking.

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS, EYE

CORROSIVE. Direct contact may cause pain, tears, burns, sensitivity to light, swelling and possible corneal damage. Exposure to vapors, fumes or mists may cause irritation.

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS, INHALATION

Under normal conditions, inhalation is not expected to be a problem. However, respiratory tract irritation may occur if exposed to fumes or mists. Symptoms may include sore throat, coughing, labored breathing, sneezing and burning sensation, depending on the concentration and duration of exposure.

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS, INGESTION

SLIGHTLY TOXIC. If accidentally ingested, this material is may cause burns to the throat and mouth . Aspiration into lungs may cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage.

Overexposure to this material may cause systemic damage including target organ effects listed under "Toxicological Information" (Section 11).

### 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

#### SKIN

Immediately wash skin with plenty of soap and water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Place contaminated clothing in closed container for storage until laundered or discarded. If clothing is to be laundered, inform person performing operation of contaminant's hazardous properties. Discard contaminated leather goods.

#### EYE

Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

#### INHALATION

Move victim to fresh air. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Apply artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes.

## INGESTION

Keep affected person warm and at rest. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs, causing serious damage and chemical pneumonitis.

Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water, then drink 2 to 8 oz. of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have the victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Repeat administration of water. Quickly transport to emergency care facility.

## 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

### HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS

Combustion may produce COx, NOx, SOx, reactive hydrocarbons, hydrogen sulfide and ammonia.

### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use water spray, dry chemical, alcohol foam, all purpose AFFF or carbon dioxide to extinguish fire.

### BASIC FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance.

If leak or spill has not ignited, ventilate area and use water spray to disperse gas or vapor and to protect personnel attempting to stop a leak.

Use water spray to cool adjacent structures and to protect personnel. Shut off source of flow if possible. Stay away from storage tank ends. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of storage tank due to fire.

Firefighters must wear MSHA/NIOSH approved positive pressure breathing apparatus (SCBA) with full face mask and full protective equipment.

### UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Reacts with most metals to produce hydrogen gas which can form an explosive mixture with air.

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Flash Point                                    | 211 °F (99 °C) PENSKEY-MARTENS CLOSED CUP |
| Autoignition Temperature                       | ND  |
| Flammability Limits in Air, Lower, % by Volume | ND  |
| Flammability Limits in Air, Upper, % by Volume | ND  |

## 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### EMERGENCY ACTION

Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind. (See Exposure Controls/Personal Protection in Section 8.)

### ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

If product is released to the environment, take immediate steps to stop and contain release. Caution should be exercised regarding personnel safety and exposure to the released product.

Notify local, provincial and/or federal authorities, if required.

### SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURE

Keep ignition sources out of area and shut off all ignition sources. Absorb spill with inert material (e. g. dry sand or earth) then place in a chemical waste container. Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Stop leak when safe to do so.

Spilled material may be slippery.

See Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (Section 8).

## 7 HANDLING & STORAGE

### HANDLING

Avoid overheating or freezing. Avoid skin or eye contact. Wash hands thoroughly before eating, drinking or smoking.

Keep containers tightly closed and upright when not in use. Use only with adequate ventilation. Spilled material may be slippery.

Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas of use or storage.

### STORAGE

Store in tightly closed containers in a cool, dry, isolated, well-ventilated area away from heat, sources of ignition and incompatibles. Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.

Store at room temperature (45°F to 110°F) (7°C TO 44°C).

Avoid contact with carbon steel, zinc, nickel, copper, copper alloy and aluminum. Contact with aluminum may produce flammable hydrogen gas.

Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not reuse without adequate precautions.

## 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### ENGINEERING CONTROLS

General or local exhaust ventilation and other forms of engineering controls are the preferred means for controlling exposures.

### EYE PROTECTION: PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Wear chemical safety goggles and face shield. Have eye washing facilities readily available where eye contact can occur.

### SKIN PROTECTION: PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Avoid skin contact with this material. If skin contact is anticipated, protective clothing, including impervious gloves, should be worn.

Provide safety showers at any location where skin contact can occur. Use good personal hygiene.

### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT (PPE)

A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an appropriate cartridge or canister may be appropriate under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

## 9 PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### ODOR AND APPEARANCE

CLEAR TO SLIGHTLY YELLOW LIQUID WITH SLIGHT COCONUT ODOR

|                     |                           |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Boiling Point       | ND                        |
| Specific Gravity    | 1.08 - 1.1 AT 68°F (20°C) |
| Melting Point       | ND                        |
| Percent Volatile    | ND                        |
| Vapor Pressure      | ND                        |
| Vapor Density       | ND                        |
| Bulk Density        | 9.08 LBS/GAL (1.09 G/L)   |
| Solubility in Water | MISCIBLE                  |
| Octanol/Water Partn | ND                        |
| Volatile Organic    | ND                        |
| Pour Point          | ND                        |
| pH Value            | > 13 (10.7 IN 1% H2O)     |
| Freezing Point      | ND                        |
| Viscosity           | ND                        |
| Evaporation Rate    | ND                        |
| Molecular Formula   | NA                        |
| Molecular Weight    | ND                        |
| Chemical Family     | CLEANING SOLUTION         |
| Odor Threshold      | ND                        |

## 10 STABILITY & REACTIVITY

### STABILITY/INCOMPATIBILITY

Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents.

Avoid contact with aluminum. Flammable hydrogen gas may be formed in the presence of aluminum or zinc.

See precautions under Handling & Storage (Section 7).

### HAZARDOUS REACTIONS/DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Combustion may produce COx, NOx, SOx, reactive hydrocarbons, hydrogen sulfide and ammonia.

## 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact.

### LD50

LD50 (skin-rabbit) > 5,000 mg/kg [For EDTA tetrasodium salt]

LD50 (oral-rats) = 3,030 mg/kg [For EDTA tetrasodium salt]

### CARCINOGENICITY

This material contains a very small amount of the trisodium salt of nitrilotriacetic acid which is listed as a potential carcinogen by IARC, NTP and OSHA. Although large dietary doses of trisodium nitrilotriacetate have caused urinary tumors in laboratory animals, there is little likelihood that it could cause cancer in humans, especially at subtoxic doses.

### TERATOGENICITY, MUTAGENICITY, OTHER REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS

EDTA and its sodium salts have been reported to cause birth defects in laboratory animals only at exaggerated doses that were toxic to the mother. These effects are likely associated with zinc deficiency due to chelation. Exposures having no effect on the mother should have no effect on the fetus.

Ingestion of alcoholic beverages by pregnant women is associated with fetal alcohol syndrome in offspring.

### PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

Pre-existing medical conditions which may be aggravated by exposure include disorders of the eye, skin and respiratory system.

## 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not determined on product as a whole. Studies using EDTA sodium salts did not show toxicity below 100 mg/kg.

## 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### WASTE DISPOSAL

This material, as supplied, when discarded or disposed of, is a hazardous waste according to Federal Regulations (40CFR 261) due to its corrosive content.

The transportation, storage, treatment and disposal of RCRA waste material must be conducted in compliance with 40 CFR 262, 263, 264, 268 and 270. Disposal can occur only in properly permitted facilities. Check state and local regulations for any additional requirements as these may be more restrictive than federal laws and regulations. Chemical additions, processing or otherwise altering this material may make the waste management information presented in this MSDS incomplete, inaccurate or otherwise inappropriate. Disposal of this material must be conducted in compliance with all federal, state and local regulations.

In Canada, wastes should be disposed of according to federal, state, provincial and local regulations.

## 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### BILL OF LADING - BULK (U. S. DOT)

Corrosive Liquid, Basic, Organic, N.O.S. (tetrasodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate solution), 8, UN3267, PG III

### BILL OF LADING - NON-BULK (U. S. DOT)

Corrosive Liquid, Basic, Organic, N.O.S. (tetrasodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate), 8, UN 3267, PG III

The above description may not cover shipping in all cases, please consult 49 CFR 172.101 for specific shipping information.

## 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

### FEDERAL REGULATIONS

All components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

This product, as supplied, contains no hazardous substances regulated under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302), or any extremely hazardous substances regulated under the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355), and thus a release of this product as supplied has no reporting requirements under these regulations.

This product does not contain toxic chemicals (in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration) that are subject to the annual toxic chemical release reporting requirements of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Section 313 (40 CFR 372).

Failure to report may result in substantial civil and criminal penalties. Check state and local regulations for any additional requirements as these may be more restrictive than federal laws and regulations.

There may be specific regulations at the local, regional or state/provincial level that pertain to this product.

### SARA TITLE III RATINGS

|                    |   |                 |   |              |   |                  |   |
|--------------------|---|-----------------|---|--------------|---|------------------|---|
| Immediate Hazard:  | X | Delayed Hazard: | X | Fire Hazard: | - | Pressure Hazard: | - |
| Reactivity Hazard: | - |                 |   |              |   |                  |   |

### STATE REGULATIONS

Based on available information this product does not contain any components or chemicals currently known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or reproductive harm at levels which would be subject to Proposition 65. Reformulation, use or processing of this product may affect its composition and require re-evaluation.

PENNSYLVANIA - Non-hazardous ingredients present at >3%: Water, CAS# 7732-18-5

## INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

### CANADA

All known major components of this product are listed on the Canadian DSL.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and this MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Classification: D2A, D2B, E

### WHMIS RATINGS

|                     |   |                       |   |           |   |                      |   |
|---------------------|---|-----------------------|---|-----------|---|----------------------|---|
| Compressed Gas      | - | Flammable/Combustible | - | Oxidizer  | - | Acutely Toxic        | - |
| Other Toxic Effects | X | Bio Hazardous         | - | Corrosive | X | Dangerously Reactive | - |

### NFPA RATINGS

|        |   |              |   |            |   |                 |   |
|--------|---|--------------|---|------------|---|-----------------|---|
| Health | 3 | Flammability | 1 | Reactivity | 1 | Special Hazards | - |
|--------|---|--------------|---|------------|---|-----------------|---|

### HMIS RATINGS \* - Indicates chronic health hazard

|        |    |              |   |            |   |
|--------|----|--------------|---|------------|---|
| Health | 3* | Flammability | 1 | Reactivity | 1 |
|--------|----|--------------|---|------------|---|

## 16 OTHER INFORMATION

### MISCELLANEOUS

MSDS revisions in sections: 3, 4, 6, 7, 11, and 15

### DISCLAIMER

NOTICE: The information presented herein is based on data considered to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this Material Safety Data Sheet. However, MSDS may not be used as a commercial specification sheet of manufacturer or seller, and no warranty or representation, expressed or implied, is made as to the accuracy or comprehensiveness of the foregoing data and safety information, nor is any authorization given or implied to practice any patented invention without a license. In addition, no responsibility can be assumed by vendor for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to recommended practices, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the product.

Current Revision Date 02-Jul-2011

Replaces Sheet Dated 19-May-2008

Completed By Koch Chemical Technology Group, LLC, call (978) 694-7346 or (978) 657-4250